

**REMARKS**

Claims 1-66 are currently pending in the application. No new matter has been added.

A. Claim Rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claim 1-9, 11, 14-58, 60-63, 65 and 66 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,937,165 issued to Schwaller et al. (Schwaller).

Claims 1-9, 11, 14-58, 60-63, 65, and 66

For claim 1, there are one or more claimed limitations that are not disclosed, taught or suggested by the cited references. Claim 1 recites the following limitations:

- a) receiving a workload to be executed;
- b) executing the workload on a single node before the workload is sent to a plurality of nodes for execution;
- c) tracing the execution of the workload to identify a potential data conflict;
- d) based on a result of the tracing, predicting the behavior of the workload across the plurality of nodes; and
- e) outputting the prediction.

1. Claims 14, 32-36, 40, and 54 also recite “tracing the execution of the workload to identify a **potential data conflict**.” According to the Office Action, fig. 5A and column 9, lines 46 through column 10, line 39 allegedly disclose the above limitation. Applicants respectfully submit that Schwaller does not disclose or suggest this limitation.

Schwaller is directed toward testing communication networks to obtain **timing measurements** in order to analyze network performance (Abstract and col. 9, line 35). The cited passage in Schwaller discloses test scripts that consist of commands to send and receive data and generate **timing records** to capture the performance fluctuations with each transaction (table 2, col. 9 lines 46-50, col. 10, line 25 , and col. 10, line 39-46). The focus of Schwaller is on the

performance of a network in regards to the time that it takes for transactions to execute between nodes. There is nothing in the cited passage of Schwaller that discloses or suggests potential data conflict, much less, identifying a potential data conflict by tracing an execution of workload.

Also according to the Office Action, Schwaller discloses that the test is monitored to identify conflicts, which allegedly involves identifying data conflicts. Applicant respectfully disagrees. Schwaller makes no mention of identifying conflicts, much less a data conflict. Schwaller teaches monitoring a network to determine the duration of time for nodes to execute transactions. Instead of identifying data conflicts, Schwaller provides two variations of scripts to obtain time measurements, neither of which involve determining a data conflict. Schwaller tests the performance of the network with scripts containing either short or long connections in an effort to vary the impact of the start-up/takedown overhead on the duration of execution of the test script (col. 9 lines 50 through col. 10 line 21). Thus, Schwaller does not disclose or suggest determining a potential data conflict, much less, determining a potential data conflict by tracing an execution of workload.

For these additional reasons, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 14, 32-36, 40, and 54, and their respective dependent claims, are patentable over Schwaller under 35 U.S.C. § 102.

B. Claim Rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 10 and 12 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Schwaller and U.S. Patent No. 6,154,813 issued to Martin et al. (Martin).

Claims 10 and 12

1. Applicant submits that claims 10 and 12 are patentable over Schwaller and Martin. As discussed, Schwaller does not disclose or suggest the limitations in claim 9 from which claims 10 and 12 depend. Applicants assert that Martin fails to make up the deficiency present in Schwaller.

Martin is directed toward a cache management system for buffering media files being simultaneously accessed by multiple clients (Abstract). Martin teaches a cache management strategy for replacement of data in a cache for a continuous media server, and does not require or teach the

execution of a workload on a node to accomplish the cache management strategy. Thus, Martin does not disclose execution of the workload to identify a potential data conflict nor executing the workload on a single node before the workload is sent to a plurality of nodes for execution.

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 10 and 12 are patentable over Schwaller and Martin under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

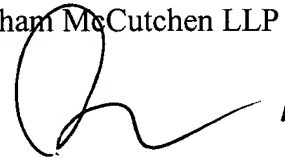
**CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing, all remaining claims are believed in condition for allowance. If the Examiner has any questions or comments regarding the remarks, please contact the undersigned at the number listed below.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fees due in connection with the filing of this document to Bingham McCutchen's Deposit Account No. **50-2518**, referencing billing number **OI7011112001**. The Commissioner is authorized to credit any overpayment or to charge any underpayment to Bingham McCutchen's Deposit Account No. **50-2518**, referencing billing number **OI7011112001**.

Respectfully submitted,

Bingham McCutchen LLP



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By: \_\_\_\_\_

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